**Financial Statements** 

December 31, 2021 and 2020



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Board of Directors
Entrepreneurs Across Borders, Inc.:

## **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Entrepreneurs Across Borders, Inc. (a nonprofit organization), which comprise the statements of financial position as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, and the related statements of activities and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Entrepreneurs Across Borders, Inc. as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Entrepreneurs Across Borders, Inc. and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Entrepreneurs Across Borders, Inc.'s ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.



The Board of Directors Page 2 of 2

## Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Entrepreneurs Across Borders, Inc.'s internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Entrepreneurs Across Borders, Inc.'s ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Fust Charles Chambers # &P

May 26, 2022

## Statements of Financial Position

## December 31, 2021 and 2020

<u>Assets</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Current assets: Cash Investments Prepaid expenses	\$ 243,241 \$ 490,590 5,900	152,558 656,920 3,822
Total assets	\$ 739,731 \$	813,300
Liabilities and Net Assets		
Current liabilities - Accrued expenses	 6,250	6,000
Total current liabilities	 6,250	6,000
Net assets - Without donor restrictions	 733,481	807,300
Uncertainties (note 2)		
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 739,731 \$	813,300

## Statements of Activities

## Years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Revenues and other support: Contributions	50	\$ 768,400
Grant revenue	50	\$ 768,400 162,500
Contract revenue	95,857	95,857
Total revenues and other support	95,907	1,026,757
Operating expenses:		
Salaries and wages	115,000	270,606
Fringe benefits	36,366	65,420
Purchased services	149,458	10,440
Supplies and other	20,793	22,127
Interest		2,000
Total operating expenses	321,617	370,593
Operating (loss) gain	(225,710)	656,164
Nonoperating income:		
Related party forgiveness of debt	-	80,000
Paycheck Protection Program grant	-	32,245
Investment income, net	151,891	38,670
Nonoperating income	151,891	150,915
(Dagraga) ingresses in not assets without		
(Decrease) increase in net assets without donor restrictions	(73,819)	807,079
	007.000	-
Net assets at beginning of year	807,300	221
Net assets at end of year \$	733,481	\$ 807,300

## Statements of Cash Flows

## Years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

		<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Change in net assets	\$	(73,819)	\$	807,079
Adjustments to reconcile changes in net assets to net cash				
used in operating activities:				
Contribution of stock		-		(768,400)
Related party debt forgiveness		-		(80,000)
Realized and change in unrealized gain on investments, net		(151,862)		(38,520)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		, , ,		, , ,
Accounts receivable - Contract		_		26,560
Prepaid expenses		(2,078)		(3,822)
Accrued expenses		250		3,500
1	-		-	,
Net cash used in operating activities		(227,509)		(53,603)
			_	_
Cash flows provided by investing activities -				
Sale of investments		318,192	_	150,000
			_	_
Net increase in cash		90,683		96,397
Contract to a similar of constant		152 550		<i>EC</i> 1 <i>C</i> 1
Cash at beginning of year	-	152,558		56,161
Cash at end of year	\$	243,241	\$	152,558
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Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2021 and 2020

## (1) Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

## (a) Organization

Entrepreneurs Across Borders, Inc. (the Organization) is a start-up not-for-profit corporation incorporated in January 2019. The Organization serves to identify, curate and connect emerging entrepreneurs in impoverished countries with resources they need to create jobs, sustainable livelihood and equitable growth. For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Organization's start-up activities and program initiatives have been delayed or extremely limited due to the Coronavirus Pandemic, which brought upon many restrictions and limited access to impoverished countries. In addition, the effects of the Coronavirus Pandemic limited the Organization's ability to interact with donors and receive additional public support. The Organization plans to resume and build start-up activities and program initiatives during the third quarter of 2022.

### (b) Basis of Presentation

The financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and present net assets and revenues, expenses, and gains and losses based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions. Accordingly, the net assets and changes in net assets are as follows:

Net assets without donor restrictions are available for general use and not subject to donor-imposed restrictions. These net assets may be used at the discretion of the Organization's management and board of directors and may be subject to self-imposed limits by action of the governing board.

Net assets with donor restrictions are those that are subject to stipulations imposed by donors and grantors. Some donor restrictions may be temporary in nature and are limited by donors to a specific time period or purpose. Other donor restrictions may be perpetual in nature, as stipulated by the donor.

At December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Organization did not have any net assets with donor restrictions.

### (c) <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of support, revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

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Notes to Financial Statements

## (1) Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

### (d) Revenue and Related Receivables

Revenue and related accounts receivable are reported at the amount that reflects the consideration to which the Organization expects to be entitled in exchange for providing services. Revenue is recognized as performance obligations are satisfied.

Revenues associated with grants are recognized as the related costs are incurred. To the extent that amounts are received exceed the amounts earned, the Organization records these as deferred revenue. Expenses consist of direct costs incurred and related indirect costs reimbursed according to the terms and conditions of such agreements.

### (e) Contributions

Unconditional promises to give cash and other assets are reported at fair value at the date the promise is received, which is then treated as the cost basis. Conditional contributions are reported at fair value at the date the contribution is received. The contributions are reported as net assets with donor restrictions if they are received with donor stipulation that limit the use of the donated assets. When a donor restriction expires, that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or purpose restriction is accomplished, net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified as net assets without donor restrictions and reported in the statements of activities as net assets released from restrictions. Donor-restricted contributions whose restrictions are met within the same year as received are reflected as contributions without donor restriction in the accompanying financial statements.

## (f) Investments and Investment Income

Investments are measured at fair value in the statement of financial position. Investment income or loss (including realized and unrealized gains or losses on investments, interest and dividends) is included as a component of the change in net assets without donor restrictions unless the income or loss is restricted by law or donor.

Investment securities are exposed to various risks, such as interest rate, market and credit. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities and the level of uncertainty related to changes in the value of investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in values in the near term could materially affect the amounts reported in the accompanying statement of financial position and statement of activities.

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(Continued)

#### Notes to Financial Statements

## (1) Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

## (g) <u>Income Tax Status</u>

The Organization is a not-for-profit corporation and has been recognized as tax exempt pursuant to Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. It has been determined that the Organization is not a private foundation. As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Organization did not have any unrecognized tax benefits or any related accrued interest or penalties. The tax years open to examination by federal and New York State taxing authorities are 2019 through 2021.

## (h) Subsequent Events

Subsequent events have been evaluated through May 26, 2022, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

#### (2) Coronavirus Pandemic

#### Pandemic

On January 30, 2020, the World Health Organization (WHO) announced a global health emergency because of a new strain of coronavirus (the "COVID-19 outbreak") and the risks to the international community. In March 2020, the WHO classified the COVID-19 outbreak as a pandemic, based on the rapid increase in exposure globally.

The full impact of the COVID-19 pandemic continues to evolve as of the date of this report. As such, it is uncertain as to the full magnitude that the pandemic will have on the Organization's financial condition, liquidity, and future results of operations. Management is actively monitoring the impact of the global and local situation on its financial condition, liquidity, operations, and suppliers.

#### Pandemic Relief Assistance

On March 27, 2020, the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES Act) was enacted. The CARES Act is an approximate \$2 trillion emergency economic stimulus package passed in response to the COVID-19 pandemic. The CARES Act was amended by the Paycheck Protection Program Flexibility Act enacted on June 5, 2020. The CARES Act included appropriated funds for the Small Business Administration Paycheck Protection Program (PPP) loans that are forgivable in certain situations to promote continued employment.

On December 27, 2020, the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021 (CAA) was signed into law. The law provides continuing funding for the government and additional pandemic relief provisions. The pandemic relief includes, among other provisions, funding for additional PPP loans and enhancements and extensions of other CARES Act provisions.

Notes to Financial Statements

#### (2) Coronavirus Pandemic, Continued

Pandemic Relief Assistance, Continued

On March 11, 2021, the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 (ARP) was signed into law to further assist in the United States' recovery from the economic and health effects of the COVID-19 pandemic. The ARP stimulus provisions expand upon many of the measures in the CARES Act and CAA, including relief for small businesses.

Paycheck Protection Program (PPP)

In May 2020, the Organization entered an arrangement with a bank under the auspices of the Paycheck Protection Program under which the Organization received \$32,245. The arrangement is evidenced by a loan agreement that include provisions whereby the loan balance can be fully or partially forgiven based on the use of the funds, maintenance of its personnel complement, and compliance with certain reporting elements to the bank in accordance with the requirements of the PPP.

The application for these funds required the Organization to, in good faith, certify that the current economic uncertainty made the loan request necessary to support their ongoing operations. This certification further requires the Organization to take into account its current business activities and ability to access other sources of liquidity sufficient to support ongoing operations in a manner that is not significantly detrimental to the business. The receipt of these funds, and the forgiveness of the loan attendant to these funds, is dependent on the Organization having initially qualified for the loan and qualifying for the forgiveness of such loan based on its future adherence to the forgiveness criteria.

The Organization elected to account for PPP funding as a conditional contribution (grant) and revenue was recorded as the conditions meeting the requirements for forgiveness were met. Through December 31, 2020, the Organization estimated that it had administered the full proceeds of its PPP funding and managed its staff complement in a manner that met the conditions for forgiveness. In November 2021, the Organization received confirmation that the conditions for forgiveness were met and as such the entire amount of the PPP loan has been fully forgiven by the lending institution and U.S. Small Business Administration (SBA). The Organization may be subject to SBA audit in future years.

Notes to Financial Statements

## (3) Liquidity and Availability of Financial Assets

Financial assets available within one year for general expenditure are as follows as of December 31:

		<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Cash Investments	\$	243,241 490,590	\$ 152,558 656,920
Total	\$_	733,831	\$ 809,478

As part of the Organization's liquidity management, it has a policy to structure its financial assets to be available as its general expenditures, liabilities, and other obligations become due.

#### (4) Investments

Investments are presented in the financial statements at fair value. The fair values at December 31, are as follows:

		<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>
Cash and cash equivalents Common stock	\$	490,590	\$	30 656,890
	\$_	490,590	\$_	656,920

Fair value represents the price that would be received upon the sale of an asset or paid upon the transfer of a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants as of the measurement date. Financial instruments measured and reported at fair value are classified and disclosed in one of the following categories based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 inputs are observable prices that are based on inputs not quoted in active markets, but corroborated by market data.
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs that are used when little or no market data is available. Significant management judgment or estimation is likely involved in the determination of fair value.

Fair value for cash equivalents and common stock are based on quoted market prices and therefore classified at Level 1 financial assets.

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Notes to Financial Statements

### (5) Transactions with Related Parties

During 2020, the Organization received contributions of \$868,400, consisting of donated stock with a fair market value of 768,400 on the date of receipt and \$100,000 in grant revenue from a trust established by the founder and current board member of the Organization.

The Organization recognized \$95,857 in contract revenue in both 2021 and 2020 for providing consulting, administrative and executive management services to UpMobility Foundation, a related party through common board membership. In 2020, the Organization recognized \$62,500 in grant revenue from UpMobility Foundation.

In the third quarter of 2021, the Organization moved its employees to a management services company, a related party which is owned by the founder and current board member of the Organization, and began being charged through a management services agreement. Purchased services expense related to this agreement amounted to \$139,417 during 2021.

The Organization incurred \$4,350 and \$7,700 in payroll, benefits, human resources and employer services during 2021 and 2020, respectively, from TriNet, a related party through common board membership, which are included in purchased services on the accompanying statements of activities.

Pursuant to promissory notes, a trust established by the founder and current board member loaned \$80,000 to the Organization during 2019. In accordance with the terms of the notes, interest accrued at 2.5% annually. During 2020, the Organization paid \$2,000 of interest related to the notes. In December 2020, the promissory notes were forgiven, and \$80,000 was recognized as nonoperating income within the statement of activities.

## (6) Functional Expenses

The Organization provides services to entrepreneurs. Expenses related to providing these services are as follows for the years ended December 31:

		2021				
		Program services	General and administrative			<u>Total</u>
Salaries and wages Fringe benefits Purchased services Supplies and other	\$	89,375 28,263 112,692 10,115	\$	25,625 8,103 36,766 10,678	\$	115,000 36,366 149,458 20,793
Total expenses	\$ <u></u>	240,445	_ \$	81,172	\$	321,617

## Notes to Financial Statements

## (6) Functional Expenses, Continued

		2020				
		Program services	General and administrative		<u>Total</u>	
Salaries and wages Fringe benefits Purchased services Supplies and other Interest	\$	199,053 48,122 - 9,279	\$ 71,553 17,298 10,440 12,848 2,000	\$	270,606 65,420 10,440 22,127 2,000	
Total expenses	\$ <u></u>	256,454	\$ 114,139	\$ <u></u>	370,593	

The financial statements report certain categories of expenses that are attributable to more than one functional expense category. Therefore, these expenses require allocation on a reasonable basis that is consistently applied. The expenses that are allocated include salaries and wages, and fringe benefits which are allocated based on estimated time and effort. All remaining expenses are allocated based on the nature of the expense.